**Water drop crossword clues**

**Across**
1. Loss of water from plants through evaporation and as a byproduct of photosynthesis.
2. A ______ is an inland body of water larger than a pond.
3. A form of precipitation that falls to earth as frozen six-sided crystalline flakes.
4. Conversion of water from a liquid form to a vapor.
5. A hole drilled into the earth to get water.
6. Frozen water.
7. A current or flow of water running along the surface of the earth is called a ______.
8. The zone of water infiltration where all the spaces between the rocks and soil particles are filled with water is called ______ water.
9. The largest body of water on the surface of the earth.
10. Layers of porous underground rock that act as water reservoirs.
11. Frozen rain.
12. A large mass of water vapor condensed into billions of fine water droplets is called a ______.
13. Water that drains over the surface of the land.
14. Small rounded pieces of ice that sometimes fall during thunderstorms.
15. A cloud at ground level.
16. Extended period of less than normal precipitation.
17. Large accumulations of ice in the polar areas and at high elevations in the mountains.
18. Well water that flows to the surface under its own natural pressure.
19. All the land area that drains into a particular body of water.

**Down**
2. Rain, snow, sleet, or hail falling to the ground.
3. A ______ is a natural stream of water, larger than a creek, and often emptying into an ocean or lake.
4. The upper level at which soil is saturated with water is called the water ______.
5. Water ______ is the gaseous form of water.
6. Water vapor condensed into the form of water droplets is called ______.
7. Entry of water into the soil.
8. The ______ cycle is the process of circulating and distributing fresh water on the earth.
9. The temperature at which air is saturated with water vapor.
10. When soils can no longer hold any more water they are called ______.
11. When a stream channel overflows its banks.
12. The energy for driving the water cycle comes from the ______.
13. The ______ cycle is an endless process of water exchange among clouds, land, and oceans.
14. A point at which groundwater comes to the surface.
15. Precipitation in the form of liquid water drops.
17. An area that receives less precipitation because of its position on the leeward side of a mountain or other landform (two words).
18. Very light rain.
19. Any water flowing or standing on the ground is called ______ water.
20. The ______ Ocean is the primary source of water vapor that falls as precipitation on Oregon and the Northwest.
21. A special type of spring that ejects warm water under pressure into the air.
22. Air movement, called ______, speeds up the process of evaporation.